



DRIVEN BY POSSIBILITY™



EUROGRIP™ FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

A PRODUCT RANGE TO DIN 740 PART 2



GATES EUROGRIP™

FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS THE DESIGNER'S CHOICE

Electronic speed controls are increasingly being used in industry. In response to this requirement, Gates has developed a flexible coupling range covering standard motor sizes. Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings consist of a rubber sleeve and two metal end pieces. The design of Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings is unique, with its OGEE lines(1) allowing the coupling to act as a torque/life indicator for the drive.

Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings are available in sizes 19, 28, 42, 48 and 60 and are bored to a suit taper bush or a plain bore and keyway.

Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings have high vibration damping capacity, which makes them especially suitable for direct drive applications in pumps and compressors. Their high compliance is especially appreciated by designers of speed control systems, where resonance can be a problem. The zero backlash characteristics result in high positioning accuracy and repeatability, suitable for a wide range of applications in the linear actuator market.



FEATURES

Unique OGEE lines⁽¹⁾ on the sleeve are an indicator of torque and product life.

Sleeves are made of a high-performance elastomeric compound. The sleeve design allows the coupling to act as a predictable fuse in the system.

End pieces are made of a high-grade aluminum to reduce weight and inertia. The aluminum end pieces are anodised to increase wear resistance and strength. Available either with finished bore and keyway or to suit a taper bush.

Temperatures range from -25°C to +100°C.

BENEFITS

High vibration damping. Damping increases with load, which will prevent resonance.

Low noise levels and quiet in operation.

Zero backlash and, consequently, high positioning accuracy.

Easy to install and to replace. Can be inspected without stopping the drive.

Built-in safety measure: the driven machine will stop when the coupling fails.

High tolerance of combinations of radial and angular misalignment.

Durable.

Low inertia.

Compact design.

Light weight.

EUROGRIP™ COUPLINGS

FEATURES & BENEFITS AT A GLANCE

Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings were tested by the Institut für Maschinenelemente der RWTH-Aachen. The following table highlights the features and design opportunities of Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings.

TABLE 1

GATES EUROGRIP®		
Torque	Good	Up to 850 Nm peak torque
Durability	Good	Conforms to DIN 740 Part 2
Torsional Flexibility	Very good	Approx. 7° twist at peak torque
Damping	Very good	Typical damping factor of 1.7
Tolerance to misalignment:		
Angular	Very good	Up to 5°
Radial	Very good	Up to 1 mm
Temperature resistance	Moderate	-25°C to +100°C
Installation	Very good	Generally "by eye"
Positioning	Good	Zero backlash
Shear pin effect	Good	Failure protects the driven machine

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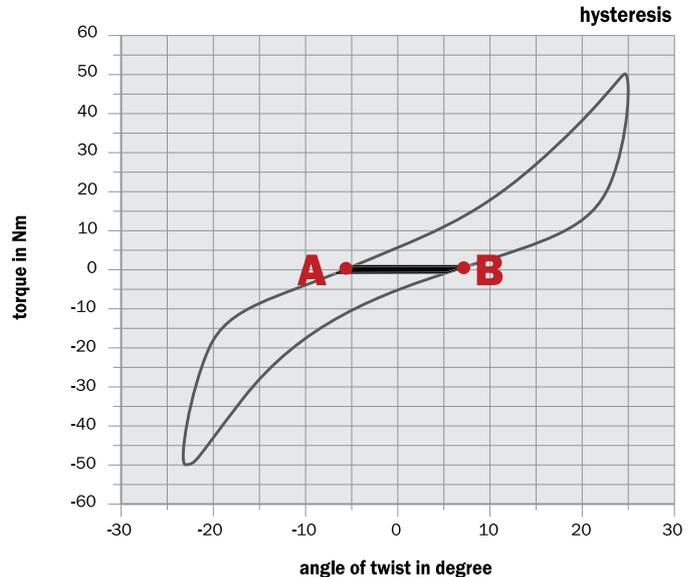
EUROGRIP™ COUPLINGS FEATURES & BENEFITS

ZERO BACKLASH

Backlash is defined as the free movement or “play” occurring between two connected elements when subjected to a reversing movement. Backlash is different from the angular displacement that occurs with change of load i.e. elastic deformation.

Gates EuroGrip™ flexible coupling is classed as a zero backlash coupling, this is to say that though it will deform elastically whilst turning, on reversing it will return to the starting point. This feature is particularly required for positioning drives, actuators etc where the final position is critical.

The effect of zero backlash can be clearly seen in the hysteresis curve (see Fig. 1). As the displacement moves through the zero condition, there is a positive distance between the two boundary lines (points A & B). In a backlash situation, the two boundary lines would coincide becoming a single line along the displacement axis, the length of this line indicating the amount of backlash in the connection.



HIGH VIBRATION DAMPING

The damping coefficients are given in table 7 on page 8. This value is the amount of vibrational energy the coupling will absorb and is calculated in accordance with DIN 740 part 2.

The value is calculated from the hysteresis curves and is the ratio between the absorbed energy over a complete load cycle and the elastic strain energy over a quarter period. Hence a factor of 2 would indicate that 50% of the vibrational energy is absorbed.

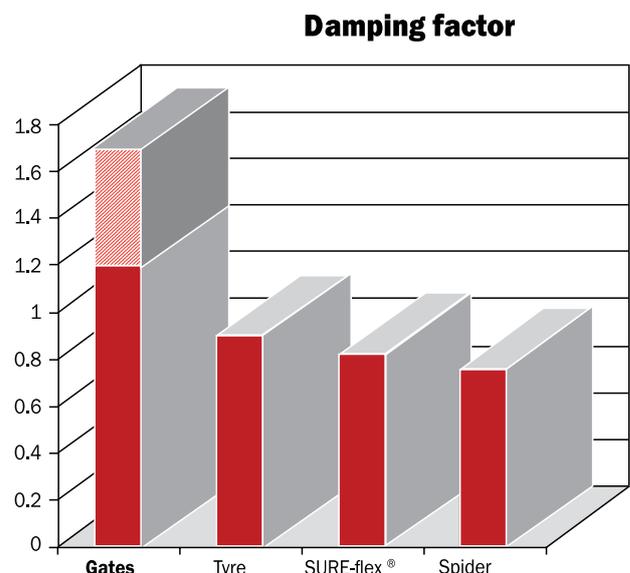
The chart at the right compares the damping coefficient of Gates EuroGrip™ flexible couplings with typical flexible couplings.

Source: Tyre coupling (Fenner catalogue 300-89, page 4), SURE-flex™ coupling (BROOK Hansen catalogue 9703, page S9) and Spider coupling (KTR Rotex™ catalogue 11/96, page 4).

SURE-flex™ is a registered trademark of T.B. Wood's Company Chambersburg, P.A. (USA).

Rotex™ is a registered trademark of K.T.R. Kupplungstechnik GmbH, Rodder Damm, Germany.

Figure 2



EUROGRIP™ COUPLINGS FEATURES & BENEFITS

OGEE LINES ⁽⁴⁾

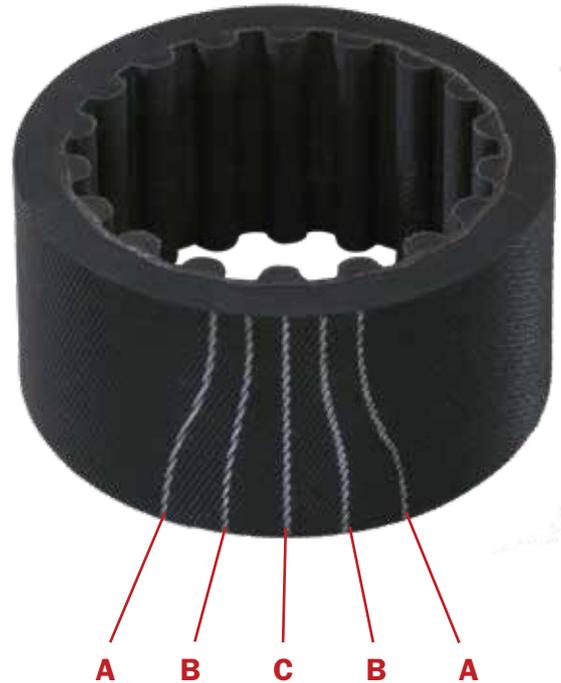
The curved OGEE(1) lines printed on the outer surface of the coupling sleeve are intended to be used as a simple torque indicator.

The curves have been designed to become straight lines under given torque conditions. Hence, by viewing the coupling whilst running, with the aid of a stroboscope, a load estimate can be made.

The lines have been nominally set at zero (C), nominal (B) and overload torque (A) for both directions of twist:

TABLE 2

COUPLING SIZE CODE	DESIGN TORQUES (Nm)		
	C	B	A
19	0	18	30
28	0	70	110
42	0	150	250
48	0	300	500
60	0	500	850



OGEE LINES ⁽⁴⁾

As the sleeve nears the end of its design life, under normal ambient conditions, the torsional characteristics will change. One will see line straightening at lower torque values than those previously observed. This change can be used as an indication that the sleeve should be replaced.

Note: When viewing the coupling, normal safety procedures must be followed and the use of a transparent guard is recommended.

The following pictures illustrate how the OGEE lines are seen under different torque conditions.



SPECIFICATIONS & SIZES

SLEEVE DIMENSIONS

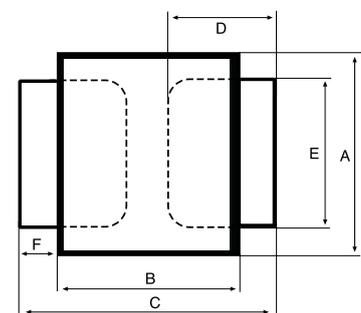
The principal dimensions of a EuroGrip™ sleeve are the outside diameter, the sleeve length and the total coupling length.

Gates EuroGrip™ couplings are made in sizes 19, 28, 42, 48 and 60.



TABLE 3

COUPLING SIZE CODE	NOMINAL SHAFT MM	SLEEVE OD MM (A)	SLEEVE LENGTH MM (B)	SLEEVE WEIGHT g	COUPLING TOTAL LENGTH MM (C)
19	19	46	28	35	48
28	28	77	38	125	60
42	42	102	48	250	80
48	48	126	58	450	94
60	60	150	65	750	105



END PIECE DIMENSIONS

The principal dimensions of a EuroGrip™ end piece are the taper bush size, the bore, the end piece length and the shoulder diameter.

TABLE 4

COUPLING SIZE CODE	BACK FIXED TAPER BRUSH	FRONT FIXED TAPER BRUSH	STANDARD BORE MM	END PIECE LENGTH MM (D)	SHOULDER DIAMETER MM (E)	SHOULDER THICKNESS MM (F)	OVER TOOTH DIAMETER MM	INERTIA J kgm ²	WEIGHT WITH MPB ⁽²⁾ g
19 ⁽¹⁾	MPB ⁽²⁾	MPB ⁽²⁾	14/19	22	42	9	36	0.000009	50
28	1108	1008	24/28	28	72	11	62	0.000105	200
42	1615	1215	38/42	38	96	16	84	0.000469	550
48	2017	1615	48	45	118	18	104	0.001330	1000
60	2517	2017	55/60	50	136	20	120	0.002572	1350

⁽¹⁾ Size 19 available with bore and key only. All other EuroGrip™ couplings (sizes 28, 42, 48 and 60) available with bore and key or to suit taper bush. Size 28 with 1108 taper bush requires a shallow key. ⁽²⁾ MPB = Minimum Plain Bore. **Note: End pieces are keyed according to ISO. Bore is to tolerance H7 fit (ISO).**

PART NUMBERS

TABLE 5

COUPLING	PART	PART NUMBER	PART	PART NUMBER 9902-
19	Sleeve	9901-51901	14 mm bore end piece	01914
			19 mm bore end piece	01919
			MPB end piece	01900
28	Sleeve End piece for taper bush - back fixed (1108) End piece for taper bush - front fixed (1008)	9901-51901 9902-02801 9902-02802	24 mm bore end piece	02824
			28 mm bore end piece	02828
			MPB end piece	02800
42	Sleeve End piece for taper bush - back fixed (1615) End piece for taper bush - front fixed (1215)	99901-54201 9902-04201 9902-04202	38 mm bore end piece	04238
			42 mm bore end piece	04242
			MPB end piece	04200
48	Sleeve End piece for taper bush - back fixed (2017) End piece for taper bush - front fixed (1615)	9901-54801 9902-04801 9902-04802	48 mm bore end piece	04848
			MPB end piece	04800
60	Sleeve End piece for taper bush - back fixed (2517) End piece for taper bush - front fixed (2017)	9901-56001 9902-06001 9902-06002	55 mm bore end piece	06055
			60 mm bore end piece	06060
			MPB end piece	06000

DRIVE DESIGN PROCEDURE

Before designing the coupling drive you need to determine the following drive requirements:

1. Power requirement or torque of the driven machine;
2. RPM of the driver;
3. Peak torque of the machine;
4. Shaft size of both driver and driven;
5. Driven machine type;
6. Driver type;
7. Taper bush or plain bore required.

STEP 1

Determine the service factor from Table 6 on page 8 based on machine type and driven type.

STEP 2

Calculate the design power or the design torque.

Design power = drive power x service factor

Design torque = drive torque x service factor

STEP 3

Determine the minimum coupling size to transmit the design torque/power. Check the design power of the coupling in Table 9 or check the design torque versus the nominal torque in Table 7.

STEP 4

For plain bore: Check required shaft size versus standard bores in table 4.

For taper bush: Check required shaft size versus bush size in table 10. Compare with taper bush size in table 4.

EXAMPLES OF CALCULATION

Details of driver side: 5.5kW 1460rpm
132S electric motor
Motor 38mm

Details of driven side: Screw compressor
Shaft 42mm

Taper bush for both shafts.

Service factor based on electric motor and approximation of machine type.

Service factor = 1.7

Design power = 1.7 x 5.5 = 9.35 kW

At 1460 rpm coupling size 28 and above meet the design power. (size 28 has design power of 10.7 kW)

Minimum coupling to transmit the torque is size 28. Standard bore of 38 is a minimum taper bush of 1615 hence coupling size 42 is required.

Note : Dynamic behaviour such as heat generation due to damping, torsional elasticity, relative damping, resonance and natural frequency may be calculated in accordance with DIN 740 part 2 using the values in table 7. For further assistance in these calculations please contact Gates Applications Engineering.



SERVICE FACTORS

TABLE 6

DRIVEN MACHINE	PRIME MOVER CLASSIFICATION			
	ELECTRIC MOTOR BELT DRIVES	MULTICYLINDER ENGINE	2-3 CYLINDER ENGINE	SINGLE CYLINDER (CONSULT GATES)
Light uniform duty; loads vary only slightly. Belt drives. Small generators. Small fans. Light conveyors. Liquid agitators. Centrifugal pumps.	1.0	1.3	1.7	2.4
Normal duty; some load variation without shock. Piston pumps 6 cyl. Rotary compressors. Screw compressors. Winding drums. Woodworking machines.	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.7
Heavy duty; shock loads, large masses accelerated. Piston pumps 4-6 cyl. Sand pumps. Presses. Large fans.	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.2
Very heavy duty; high shock loads, very large masses to be accelerated. Mills. Rubber processing. Piston pumps 1-2 cyl. Plunger pumps. Presses. Punches.	2.8	3.0	3.5	4.0

DYNAMIC COSIDERATIONS

TABLE 7

COUPLING SIZE CODE	MAX. SHAFT MM	MOTOR FRAME N°	DESIGN TORQUES (Nm)*			STIFFNESS* Nm/RAD C _{T dyn}	DAMPING æ	DAMPING POWER* W
			NOMINAL T _{KN}	PEAK T _{K MAX.}	ALTERNATING T _{KW}			
19	19	D80	18	30	4	700	1.4	12
28	28	D100-112	70	110	14	2000	1.7	28
42	42	D132-160	150	250	30	7000	1.2	48
48	48	D180	300	500	60	12000	1.6	70
60	60	D200-225	500	850	100	15000	1.4	110

* These values are derived from DIN 740 part 2 parameters and principles (measured at 30° C).

COMPARISON MOTOR SIZES / COUPLING SIZES

TABLE 8

MOTOR SIZE	MOTOR OUTPUT 3000 RPM		COUPL. SIZE	MOTOR OUTPUT 1500 RPM		COUPL. SIZE	MOTOR OUTPUT 1000 RPM		COUPL. SIZE	MOTOR OUTPUT 750RPM		COUPL. SIZE	SHAFT
	kW	T (Nm)		kW	T (Nm)		kW	T (Nm)		kW	T (Nm)		
	71	0.37 0.55		1.30 1.90	19		0.25 0.37	1.80 2.50		19	0.18 0.25		
80	0.75 1.10	2.50 3.70	19	0.55 0.75	3.70 5.10	19	0.37 0.55	3.90 5.80	19	0.18 0.25	2.50 3.50	19	19 x 40
90S	1.50	5.00	28	1.10	7.50	28	0.75	8.00	28	0.37	5.30	28	24 x 50
90L	2.20	7.40	28	1.50	10.00	28	1.10	12.00	28	0.55	7.90	28	24 x 50
100L	3.00	9.80	28	2.20	15.00	28	1.50	15.00	28	0.75	11.00	28	28 x 60
112L	4.00	13.00	28	4.00	27.00	28	2.20	22.00	28	1.50	21.00	28	28 x 60
132S	5.50	18.00	42	5.50	36.00	42	3.00	30.00	42	2.20	30.00	42	38 x 80
132M				7.50	49.00	42	4.00 5.50	40.00 55.00	42	3.00	40.00	42	38 x 80
160M	11.00 15.00	36.00 49.00	42	11.00	72.00	42	7.50	75.00	42	4.00 5.50	54.00 74.00	42	42 x 110
160L	18.50	60.00	42	15.00	98.00	42	11.00	109.00	42	7.50	100.00	42	42 x 110
180M	22.00	71.00	48	18.50	121.00	48							48 x 110
180L				22.00	144.00	48	15.00	148.00	48	11.00	145.00	48	48 x 110
200L	30.00 37.00	97.00 120.00	60	30.00	196.00	60	18.50 22.00	181.00 215.00	60	15.00	198.00	60	55 x 110
225S				37.00	240.00	60				18.50	244.00	60	55 x 110 60 x 140
225M	45.00	145.00	60	45.00	292.00	60	30.00	293.00	60	22.00	290.00	60	55 x 110 60 x 140
250M	55.00	177.00	60	55.00	356.00	60	37.00	361.00	60	30.00	392.00	60	60 x 140

DESIGN POWER IN KILOWATTS

TABLE 9

SPEED RPMN	19	28	COUPLIND SIZE 42	48	60
100	0.19	0.73	1.57	3.14	5.24
200	0.38	1.47	3.14	6.28	10.50
300	0.57	2.20	4.71	9.42	15.70
400	0.75	2.93	6.28	12.60	20.90
500	0.94	3.66	7.85	15.70	26.20
600	1.13	4.40	9.42	18.80	31.40
700	1.32	5.13	11.00	22.00	36.60
730	1.38	5.35	11.50	22.90	38.20
800	1.51	5.86	12.60	25.10	41.90
900	1.70	6.60	14.10	28.30	47.10
1000	1.88	7.33	15.70	31.40	52.40
1200	2.26	8.80	18.80	37.70	62.80
1400	2.64	10.26	22.00	44.00	73.30
1460	2.75	10.70	22.90	45.90	76.40
1800	3.39	13.20	28.30	56.50	94.00
2000	3.77	14.70	31.40	62.80	105.00
2400	4.52	17.60	37.70	75.40	126.00
2800	5.28	20.50	44.00	88.00	147.00
3200	6.03	23.50	50.30	101.00	168.00
3500	6.60	25.70	55.00	110.00	183.00
4000	7.54	29.30	62.80	126.00	209.00
4500	8.48	33.00	70.70	141.00	236.00
5000	9.42	36.60	78.50	157.00	262.00
5500	10.37	40.30	86.40	173.00	288.00
6000	11.31	44.00	94.20	188.00	314.00

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Installation of Gates EuroGrip™ couplings is very simple and straightforward. As Gates EuroGrip™ couplings are designed to operate with some degree of misalignment, a set up “by eye” is normally sufficient. A maximum angular value of 5 degrees is recommended.

The sleeve is designed to operate with the end piece shoulders (flanges) lightly touching either end-face of the rubber sleeve. This ensures the correct gap between the end pieces is maintained.

Where taper bushes are to be used, the fitting instructions given on page 11 must be followed, paying particular attention to grub screw torque limits.

BORES AND KEYWAYS IN MILLIMETRES

TABLE 10

BORE DIAM.	KEYWAY		SHALLOW KEYWAY DEPTH	BUSH REFERENCE					
	WIDTH	DEPTH		1008	1108	1215	1615	2017	2517
9	3	1.4	-	X	X				
10	3	1.4	-	X	X				
11	4	1.8	-	X	X	X			
12	4	1.8	-	X		-	X	X	
14	5	2.3	-	X	X	X	X	X	
15	5	2.3	-	X	X	X	X	X	
16	5	2.3	-	X	X	X	X	X	X
18	6	2.8	-	X	X	X	X	X	X
19	6	2.8	-	X	X	X	X	X	X
20	6	2.8	-	X	X	X	X	X	X
22	6	2.8	-	X	X	X	X	X	X
24	8	3.3	1.3	S	X	X	X	X	X
25	8	3.3	1.3	S	X	X	X	X	X
28	8	3.3	1.3		S	X	X	X	X
30	8	3.3	-			X	X	X	X
32	10	3.3	-			X	X	X	X
35	10	3.3	-				X	X	X
38	10	3.3	-				X	X	X
40	12	3.3	1.3				S	X	X
42	12	3.3	1.3				S	X	X
45	14	3.8	-					X	X
48	14	3.8	-					X	X
50	14	3.8	-					X	X
55	16	4.3	-						X
60	18	4.4	-						X

S = shallow key required

TAPER BUSH TIGHTENING TORQUE

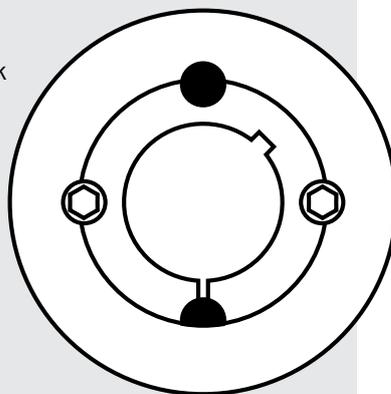
TABLE 11

BUSH SIZE	1008	1108	1215	1615	2017	2517
SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE (Nm)	5.6	5.6	20	20	30	50
SCREW DETAILS	QTY	2	2	2	2	2
	SIZE (BSW)	1/4"	1/4"	3/8"	3/8"	7/16"
LARGE END DIAMETER (MM)	3.5"	38.0	47.5	57.0	70.0	85.5
APPROX MASS (KG)	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.7	1.5

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

TO INSTALL

1. Remove any protective coating from the bore and outside of bush. After ensuring that the mating tapered surfaces are completely clean and free from oil or dirt, insert bush in end piece so that holes line up.
2. Sparingly oil thread and point of grub screws. Place screws loosely in holes and threaded in end piece, shown thus  in diagram.
3. Clean shaft and fit end piece to shaft as one unit and locate in position desired, remembering that bush will nip the shaft first and then end piece will be slightly drawn on to the bush.
4. Using a hexagon wrench tighten screws gradually and alternately until at required torque (see table 11 on page 10.)
5. Hammer against large-end of bush, using a block to prevent damage. (This will ensure that the bush is seated squarely in the bore.) Screws will now turn a little more. Repeat this alternate hammering and screw retorquing once or twice to achieve maximum grip on the shaft.
6. If a key is to be fitted, place it in the shaft keyway before fitting the bush. It is essential that it is a parallel key and side fitting only and has TOP CLEARANCE.
7. After drive has been running under load for a short time stop and check tightness of screws.
8. Fill empty holes with grease to exclude



TO REMOVE

1. Slacken all screws by several turns, remove one or two according to number of jacking out holes shown in  diagram. Insert screws in jacking out holes after oiling thread and point of grub screws.
2. Tighten screws alternately until bush is loosened in end piece and assembly is free on the shaft.
3. Remove assembly from shaft.



TAPER BUSHES





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IMPORTANT

Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy and comprehensiveness of the information included in this catalogue. However, Gates cannot be held responsible for errors or omissions and for alterations occurred after release for printing; or if Gates products are used in special or exceptional circumstances without prior consultation with and clearance from a Gates representative.

All Gates' European power transmission operations are ISO 9001 registered. This registration is evidence of the company's commitment to quality.

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